

# CHINA

THE

# MAIL.

Established February, 1845.

With which is incorporated The "Hongkong Evening Mail and Shipping List." Published every Evening.

VOL. XXXIV. No. 4744. 號七十九年八十七百八千一英

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1878.

日一月八年寅戌

PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON.—F. ALAR, 8, Clement's Lane,  
Lombard Street, George Street, 30,  
Cornhill, Gordon & Gotch, Ludgate  
Circuit, E. C., BATES, HENRY & CO.,  
Old Jewry, E. C. SAMUEL DRAGON &  
CO., 150 & 154, Leadenhall Street.

PARIS AND EUROPE.—LEON DE BOEY,  
16, Rue Monsieur, Paris.

NEW YORK.—ANDREW WIND, 183, Nassau  
Street.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW  
ZEALAND.—Gordon & Gotch, Mel-  
bourne and Sydney.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports  
Generally.—BROWN & BLACK, San Fran-  
cisco.

SINGAPORE AND STRAITS.—SAYLE &  
CO., Square, Singapore. O. HEINZEN  
& CO., Manila.

CHINA.—Macao, Messrs A. A. DE MELO  
& CO., Setao, CAMPELLO & CO.,  
Amoy, WILSON, NICHOLLS & CO.,  
Foochow, HEDGES & CO., Shanghai,  
LANE, CRAWFORD & CO., and KELLY  
& WALSH, Yokohama, LANE, CRAW-  
FORD & CO.

BANKS.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING  
CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL.....5,000,000 Dollars.  
RESERVE FUND.....1,200,000 Dollars.

COUNCIL OF DIRECTORS.

Chairman—F. D. SASSEN, Esq.  
Deputy Chairman—W. H. FORBES, Esq.  
E. B. BRUNNELL, Esq.  
H. L. DALBYMPLE, WILLIAM REINER,  
Esq.  
H. HOPPUS, Esq. W. S. YOUNG, Esq.  
Hon. W. K. KEEWICK.

CHIEF MANAGER.

Hongkong.—THOMAS JACKSON, Esq.  
MANAGER.

Shanghai,...EWEN CAMERON, Esq.  
LONDON BANKERS.—London and County  
Bank.

HONGKONG.

INTEREST ALLOWED.  
On Current Deposit Account at the rate  
of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily  
balance.

For Fixed Deposits:-  
For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.  
" 6 " 4 per cent. "  
" 12 " 5 per cent. "

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.  
Credits granted on approved Securities,  
and every description of Banking and  
Exchange business transacted.

Drafts, granted on London, and the  
chief Commercial places in Europe, India,  
Australia, America, China and Japan.

T. JACKSON,  
Chief Manager.

Offices of the Corporation,  
No. 1, Queen's Road East.  
Hongkong, August 16, 1878.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.  
(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

RATES of Interest allowed on Deposits.  
At 3 months' notice 6% per Annum.

" 6 " 4% " "  
" 12 " 5% "

D. A. J. CROMBIE,  
Acting Manager.

Oriental Bank Corporation,  
Hongkong, July 1, 1878.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AU-  
STRALIA, AND CHINA.

Capital.....\$300,000.  
Reserve Fund.....\$150,000.

Bankers.  
THE BANK OF ENGLAND.  
THE CITY BANK.

NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.

THE BANK'S BRANCH in Hongkong  
grants Drafts on London and the  
chief Commercial places in Europe and the  
East; buys and receives for collection Bills  
of Exchange; and conducts all kinds of  
Banking and Exchange Business.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DE-  
POSITS.

On CURRENT ACCOUNTS, 2 per cent. per  
annum on the daily balance.

On FIXED DEPOSITS.  
For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.  
" 6 " 4 per cent. "  
" 12 " 5 per cent. "

THE CHARTERED MERCANTILE  
BANK OF INDIA, LONDON  
AND CHINA.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

Capital.....\$750,000.  
Reserve Fund.....\$151,650.10.

Bankers.  
THE BANK OF ENGLAND.  
THE LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK.

RATES of Interest allowed on Fixed  
Deposits.

For 3 months, 2 per cent. per annum.  
" 6 " 4 per cent. "  
" 12 " 5 per cent. "

Besides conducting general Exchange  
Business, the Bank discounts local bills,  
payable in Hongkong, and makes advances  
on approved Banking Securities.

Present Rate of Discount  
for approved short sight  
acceptances,.....5% per annum.

Rates for Advances, according to terms  
required, may be ascertained on application.

E. H. NELSON,  
Manager.

Hongkong, August 1, 1878.

For Sale.

RECENTLY ARRIVED,  
AND  
FOR SALE.

TEYSSONNEAU'S FINE FRENCH  
STRAWBERRIES.

TEYSSONNEAU'S ASSORTED FRUITS.

FRENCH JAMS and JELLIES.

MACASSAR RED FISH.

Very Fine "O. K." BOURBON  
WHISKY.

FINEST CHERBOURG BUTTER, IN  
BOTTLES OF ONE POUND.

BUSCK & CO.'S SELECTED DANISH  
BUTTER, Season 1878, in Tins of 1 lb.,  
2 lbs., and 4 lbs.

ENGLISH and AMERICAN HOUSE-  
HOLD STORES.

EXTRA FINE CHICAGO BACON  
and HAMS.

MACKEREL and SALMON BELLYES,  
in Kits.

COD FISH, &c., &c.

HOTH'S BEST RUSSIAN ROPE, and  
FINE LINES, Assorted Sizes.

FROST BRO'S BEST ENGLISH  
WHITE LINES.

HENRY'S BEST GOVERNMENT  
NAVY CANVAS, Assorted Numbers.

INDIA RUBBER SHEET PACKING  
and INSERTION, all Sizes.

TUCK'S PATENT PACKING.

INDIA RUBBER SUCTION and DE-  
LIVERY HOSE.

CANVAS HOSE and LEATHER  
BELTING.

AMERICAN ASH BOAT-OARS.

ADMIRALTY TESTED CHAIN  
CABLES, and RIGGING CHAIN.

ANCHORS, from 25 lbs. up to 18 cwt.  
each.

PERFORATED ZINC SHEETS.

TINMAN'S and PLUMBER'S SOLDER.

LEAD PIPE, and SHEET LEAD.

FAIRBAK'S PLATFORM SCALES,

from 400 lbs. to 2,500 lbs.

MASSEY'S PATENT LOGS.

FLOUR SIEVES.

INDIA RUBBER KNEE and HIP  
BOOTS, &c., &c.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & CO.

Hongkong, August 21, 1878.

Intimations.

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COM-  
PANY, LIMITED.

ADJUSTMENT OF BONUS FOR THE YEAR  
1877.

MOORE & CO.,

"VARIETY STORE,"

NEWS-AGENTS AND TOBACCONISTS.

No. 42, Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, September 10, 1878.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

CHINA SEA.

Foochow District, No. 3.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

SALE OF THE OPIUM FARM.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TEN-  
DERS for the PRIVILEGE OF PRE-  
PARING and SELLING PREPARED  
OPIUM within the Colony for the  
Term of One, Two, or Three Years from  
the Ist of March, 1879, under the Provisions  
of Ordinance No. 2 of 1858 will be Received at  
this Office until Noon on MONDAY, the  
23rd September, 1878.

Each Tender should specify the Monthly  
Payment offered for the period above-  
mentioned.

The Government does not bind itself to  
accept the highest or any Tender.

Should the highest Tender be less than  
the sum the Governor thinks a fair price  
for the Opium Farm, His Excellency in  
Council will grant Licences direct under  
Section 3 of the Ordinance, and take such  
further steps as may be necessary to realize  
a fair price.

By Order,

H. L. DENNYS,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, August 29, 1878.

NOTICE.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES  
MARITIMES.

PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANCAIS.

The Company's Steamship

"TANIAS,"

Commandant De La MARCELLE,

will be despatched for YOKO-

HAMA shortly after the arrival of the next  
French Mail from Europe.

H. DU POUEY,  
Agent.

Hongkong, September 7, 1878.

NOTICE.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES  
MARITIMES.

PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANCAIS.

The Company's Steamship

"TIGRE,"

Commandant LOEMIER, will be  
despatched for SHANGHAI

shortly after her arrival from Europe.

H. DU POUEY,  
Agent.

Hongkong, September 7, 1878.

Sailing Vessels.

FOR MELBOURNE & SYDNEY.

The A 1 British Barque

"CHARLOTTE ANDREWS,"

Captain PLACE, will load here,  
and have a quick despatch as  
above.

For Freight, apply to

ROZARIO & CO.

Hongkong, July 15, 1878.

FOR MANILA.

The A 1 American Ship

"SOUTHERN CROSS,"

A. HUGHES, Master, will load

here for the above Port, and will

have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to

RUSSELL & CO.

Hongkong, September 14, 1878.

FOR PORTLAND.

The A 1 American Ship

"CENTENNIAL,"

Captain COLE, will load here

for the above Port, and have  
quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to

RUSSELL & CO.

Hongkong, September 14, 1878.

FOR NEW YORK.

The A 1 American Ship



In one form or another, it must be borne in mind that this question is one which touches the great principle which England has ever recognised in her Colonial government—viz., that of perfect freedom of conscience and of religious belief. So long as this principle is not endangered, anything which can be done to secure a better observance of Sunday in this Colony shall receive our heartiest support. The Government, we understand, has done all it can reasonably be expected to do; it is for residents to do the rest....*Ed. C. M.*

## Police Intelligence.

(Before J. J. FRANCIS, Esq.)

17th September, 1878.

## BRAUCH OF GAOL REGULATIONS.

James McCann, a seaman, and a prisoner undergoing sentence in Victoria Gaol, was charged with endeavouring to smuggle some tobacco into the gaol. He admitted the offence and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$5, or in default to be further imprisoned, at the expiration of his present sentence, for 14 days with hard labour.

## THE RUNNER NURTURE.

Su Awan, and four others, boarding house runners, were charged by Inspector Lindsay with fighting and creating a disturbance on board the S.S. *Priam*, and were sentenced to 7 days' hard labour each.

## T. IDE BOWLER AT AGAIN.

Thomas Ide Bowler, broker, was summoned for assaulting and beating one Li Aho, an aman to the Ho family, Gage Street. Defendant denied the assault.

Complainant stated: I am Amah to the Ho family, residing at Gage Street. The day before yesterday, about 2 p.m., I was feeding the child in front of the house in Gage Street, sitting on the ground at the time. Whilst doing so, some one gave me a blow behind, and on turning round I saw the defendant close behind me. I then observed him lift his foot, and say something which I did not understand. Defendant then walked away. One of my witnesses is a hawker, and lives in the same street. This hawker was standing close by at the time. I was sitting quietly in the street, nursing the child, when defendant kicked me, and making no noise or disturbance. There was no noise in the street. I called defendant no names, and had no quarrel with him.

Defendant asked complainant no questions.

Upon Ayep, the hawker, was then called and deposed: On the 16th instant, some time in the afternoon, I was passing along Gage Street, and saw a European kicking last witness. The European I saw looked like a defendant. The last witness ran inside a house, and then defendant threw a stone into the house. That is all I saw. I had no previous knowledge of complainant.

On the 16th instant, some time in the afternoon, I was passing along Gage Street, and saw a European kicking last witness. The European I saw looked like a defendant. The last witness ran inside a house, and then defendant threw a stone into the house. That is all I saw. I had no previous knowledge of complainant.

When I first saw the parties, complainant was sitting underneath a tree, feeding a child. The tree is by the side of a gutter. When I first saw defendant he was standing in front of the woman. I was about one cheong distant. There were several women there, some sitting, and some standing about. I do not know who lives in the house into which I saw complainant run, but I know Chinese live there. I do not know where the defendant lives. When I first saw complainant and defendant there was no crowd there, only the people I have mentioned. There was plenty of room for defendant to have passed without kicking the woman.

In answer to defendant, witness said: I did not see you come out of the house; I first saw you on the pavement kicking the woman. I now know that the complainant was sitting on the opposite side of the street to her own house when she was kicked, and she had to run across the street to reach her own house.

Complainant recalled: I was sitting at the opposite side of the street from my own house, directly opposite. I was sitting near the defendant's house, very close to the door. I saw defendant coming out of his house, but I said nothing to him. Three women were sitting there, including myself. Defendant came directly from his doorway, and kicked me. None of us women said anything to him, or about him.

Defendant, when called upon for his defence, said: I never struck or kicked the woman. She came to my house about noon, knocking at the door, and abusing me and an inmate of my house. I left my house about 2 p.m., when I found the woman outside the door. I said: "Get out of this, if you are here when I come back I shall get you in charge." I pushed her out of my way with my hand and shoulder.

Defendant then proceeded to call evidence.

Chun-a-Ngan said: I am 18 years of age and unmarried. I am now living at defendant's house, and was so living the day before yesterday. I know that the complainant lived in the house opposite, and that she is a broker of women. She sold a girl to my former mistress. About noon the day before yesterday, there was a knocking at the house door, and I went to the verandah and looking out saw complainant. In about 2 minutes I went down to open the door to let defendant out. The boy Ahung opened the door. After the door was open I saw complainant sitting at the door and facing toward it. There was a Chinaman passing at the time, and I heard complainant say: "This stinking devil destroyed that girl from Wanhsien!" Defendant was at this time coming down the steps, and he took up some earth and threw it at the passengers in the street; then he pushed complainant away with his hand, but did not touch her with his foot. There was room for him to have passed without touching her. The whole affair did not last two minutes.

Chun-Aitchee, the boy, then gave corroborative evidence.

His Worship said he believed the complainant's version of the story. Defendant's own witness had shown that an assault was committed. He would fine him \$26, or one month's imprisonment with hard labour.

In the course of the examination, defendant several times shook his head; he said that his witness, poor girl, was afraid to speak the truth, which was a pity.

His Worship and the girl had nothing to fear to prevent her telling the truth, and also told defendant that if he shook his head in that manner again he (Mr Francis) would send him to goal for 8 days.

Subsequently, when the defendant had paid his fine, he wrote out an application praying that His Worship would remit it.

His Worship: What is this, an application to appeal?

Defendant: No, your Worship; I would respectfully submit that the fine be remitted.

His Worship: It is the only Governor who can remit fines; I cannot do so.

(Reading the application.) What is this you say? "The interpreter wilfully misleads us?" What is this mess? Now

do you come here and say such a thing? It is your own misconduct that has got you into trouble.

Defendant: I would respectfully submit "not" misconduct, your Worship. His Worship said no more, and defendant left.

## TO-DAY'S FINES.

If Kam Ying and others, hawking without a license. Fined 25 cents each.

Cheng Akin and another, coolie, fighting and creating a disturbance in the public streets. Fined 25 cents each.

Tsang Atuk, a coolie, trespassing on Crown lands. Fined \$1.

J. G. dos Remedios, clerk, reading at No. 34, Hollywood Road, assaulting his table-boy and cook. Fined \$1 in each case.

## SUPREME COURT.

## IN SUMMARY JURISDICTION.

(Before His Honor Mr Justice Russell.)

17th September, 1878.

Rose and another v. Fenwick, \$111.48.—This was a claim for goods sold and delivered, and consisted principally of articles for a fancy dress ball.

Mr Wotton appeared to conduct the case for the plaintiff, and the defendant did not appear, having left the Colony. The defendant, it appears, is a Naval Officer on board H.M.S. *Modeste*. The service of the summons was proved. Defendant, it was alleged, had repeatedly promised payment up to the time of the vessel's leaving the Colony.

His Lordship asked Mr Wotton if he intended to take out execution, as in that case it was a question whether it could be granted, the defendant being a Naval Officer in full commission.

Mr Wotton said that he should be satisfied with simply obtaining judgment. After having gone to the expense of taking out the writ, he should like to obtain judgment. He would call evidence to prove the claim. Miss Hannah Rose was called, and said: I am a partner in the firm of Rose & Co. The defendant, Lieutenant Fenwick, of the *Modeste*, is indebted to our firm in the sum of \$111.48 for goods supplied. He has repeatedly acknowledged his indebtedness in the whole amount; within the last fortnight he has done so. He has, however, left the Colony without paying any portion of the amount.

Judgment was entered for the amount claimed, with costs; execution stayed.

Lo Atew v. Baron, \$2.—This was a claim for \$2 for painting a portrait. The defendant, who is a seaman and out of employment, did not appear, and judgment was entered against him for the amount claimed, with costs.

Poon Achu v. De Lille, \$81.—This was a claim for goods supplied to the defendant during the year 1876. The bill was originally \$7,50, and the defendant had given a cheque for \$28 on the Hongkong & Shanghai Bank dated *hangha*, but written on an Amoy cheque, and got 50 cents in small money returned to him. He had afterwards been supplied with a pair of hair-brushes. This was whilst the defendant was on board the S.S. *Sunda*. The cheque was returned marked, "no funds." Plaintiff produced the cheque. The account is now \$81.

Judgment for plaintiff, with costs. Mr Dennis appeared for plaintiff; defendant did not appear.

Upon His Honour observing that, on the face of it, defendant had laid himself open to criminal proceedings, Mr Dennis remarked that he understood the defendant had explained the circumstances under which he had drawn the cheque. The defendant fully expected, as he alleged, that the cheque would be honoured when he drew it. Mr Dennis remarked, that he believed that there were other cheques of a similar kind in the Colony.

Yee Lok v. Hunt, \$6.75.—This was a claim for clothing supplied.

The defendant (a cook on board ship) admitted the debt, but said the Captain refused to advance him any more money. He had offered to return the clothes to the plaintiff, but he refused to receive them. Some aprons, which were amongst the articles supplied, had been worn, and he was willing to pay for them, but the clothes had never been on his back.

Plaintiff said that he was willing to take back the clothes, but they were all dirtied and soiled.

His Lordship ordered that the clothes be produced.

Defendant subsequently appeared with the clothes, stating that the plaintiff had taken the risk of payment if he got the money. He had never worn the clothes, though he had been here three months.

Plaintiff refused to accept part payment and the unworn clothing.

His Honour therefore gave judgment for the plaintiff, remarking that defendant had no right to keep the clothes for two months.

## INTERPLAIDER CASE—THE OPERA COMPANY.

O. B. Plunket (official assizes), Dago-mill, Dorabjee and Hing Kee, and Lee Ahoy v. Thomas Sutton Lilley (de Lille).

Plaintiffs as judgment creditors of the defendant seized the piano now being held at the apartments of the Royal English Opera Company, of which company defendant is a partner. Mr Toller (of Sharp, Toller, and Johnson) appeared for all the judgment creditors, except Lee Ahoy; and on behalf of the latter, Mr Holmes appeared to say that he was quite willing to accept the judgment in the other cases as applying to his claim.

Mr Dennis appeared for the Misses Draeger, paid members of the Opera Troupe, who claimed that the piano was their property, in accordance with an agreement entered into at Singapore, and opposed the seizure of the instrument by the plaintiff.

Mr Dennis stated that the piano, when seized, was under the control of the Royal English Opera Company; and he disputed the right to seize it, as, although in the possession of the Company, his clients had a lien on it to a certain extent. The piano had been purchased by Mr Kugelman in Singapore, who kept it until the agreement between Lilley and his clients was settled.

Part of this agreement was that six months' salary and passage money to Australia was to be deposited; which, not having been done, the German Consul insisted upon

Lilley giving him an order to the effect that the passage money should be paid.

This not having been forthcoming, the piano was held as security by his clients. As the statement was for six months, it might

expire at any place, except in Europe or Africa; and as the piano was valued at about \$450, there would certainly not be any surplus, not even so much as pay the passage could be got for the instrument.

Mr Toller admitted the document, but contended that the sum of \$500 had been paid to the solicitor in Singapore in full payment of the claim, while the document may have no force unless registered under the Land Sale Ordinance. Besides, the piano was not in the hands of the Misses Draeger but in those of the Company.

Mr Dennis submitted that the Misses Draeger had given it into the hands of the Company, and certainly Mr Lilley was not the Company.

Mr Toller observed that Mr Lilley and Mr Rollings were the partners in the Company.

Mr Dennis, concerning the legality of the document, said that it was surely not intended to apply the Hongkong Ordinance to a Singapore document.

Mr Toller submitted that the \$500 agreed to be paid were actually paid, and are now in the hands of the German Consul at Singapore. The clause in the contract was an assurance to hold a chattel, and under the Bill of Sales Act, it was apparently in the possession of the owner, and liable to seizure under the Bill of Sale Act.

Miss Bertha Draeger, called, said: I first met with Mr Lilley, the judgment debtor, in Singapore, where I and my sisters were. An agreement was made as to forming an opera troupe; and the first offer was that I and my sisters were to receive six months' salary in advance, and a passage back to Australia; salary being at the rate of \$75 per week for the three of us; to be deposited into the hands of a Bank or the German Consul. Mr Lilley was expecting money every day, but he got an advance from Mr Kugelman. The Consul who advised us was not satisfied with the nonpayment of the \$1500 of the arrangement as to return passage money, and he said that, in addition to the piano, a sum should be deposited with him as security. I have since had a note from the Consul to say that the \$500 have been paid to him. The piano was also as security for the return passage. This was Mr de Lille's proposal, as he had not paid the \$1500 as promised.

Mr Dennis said that the amount of their passage money was an uncertain sum, and the double security was therefore deemed necessary.

Witness continued:—The order for \$500 was given and the agreement was signed about the same time, in Mr Birkenhead's Office; the German Consul, my sisters, Mr Vernon, and Mr Rollings were present.

The piano was handed over to Mr Vernon, as stage-manager, who packed it; and my sisters had had control of it ever since.

By Mr Toller:—Mr Kugelman has money, and paid things for Mr de Lille.

It was nearly a week before the final agreement that the German Consul said he would not hear of us going away with only the piano.

It was thought that the money was to arrive any day, and if it had arrived, the \$500 would have been deposited at once.

The sum was counted up, and it was found that Mr de Lille would have more than \$500, so the order was given. I saw the piano on board steamer all right. I pay no expenses; nothing of mine except the piano went to the City Hall. I looked to Mr de Lille for my salary; but he failed to do so within the first three weeks. I regarded Mr Vernon as the manager, who was responsible.

Mr Toller:—Mr Kugelman has

money, and paid things for Mr de Lille.

It was thought that the piano was to be deposited with him as security.

Mr Dennis:—I was under the impression that the piano was in the hands of the lawyer.

It was always under the impression that the piano was in the hands of the lawyer.

Mr Vernon was next called, and he said that the piano was not sufficient for the passage.

Mr Kugelman and the piano was at his house; but it was arranged by the agreement that the piano belonged to the Misses Draeger, and as manager of the Company witness took possession of it and packed it up. Miss Draeger complained that the piano was lent to Mr Fairlough, as it was her property.

The German Consul said that the piano was not sufficient for the passage,

and wished to know about de Lille's affairs;

when it was found that there was money coming, they reckoned what would be left over the £1800 odd after paying all debts;

and \$600 was the sum named and agreed upon.

The money arrived in Singapore after the Company left. Witness said that the piano would be worth to the girls \$500,

as he intended to run the Company after de Lille's agreement, it was not worth more than \$200 if sold at a sacrifice.

Plaintiff said that he was willing to take back the piano, but they were all dirtied and soiled.

His Lordship ordered that the clothes be produced.

Defendant subsequently appeared with the clothes, stating that the plaintiff had taken the risk of payment if he got the money. He had never worn the clothes, though he had been here three months.

Plaintiff refused to accept part payment and the unworn clothing.

His Honour therefore gave judgment for the plaintiff, remarking that defendant had no right to keep the clothes for two months.

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Part of this agreement was that six months' salary and passage money to Australia was to be deposited; which, not having been done, the German Consul insisted upon

Lilley

## Notices of Firms.

## NOTICE.

MR HENRY VINAY has been Appointed AGENT for the COMPTOIR DESCOMPTOIR DE PARIS, at Hongkong.

MR ERNEST SCHEEBLIN will have power to act at the same place in Mr VINAY'S absence.

E. G. VOUILLEMONT,

Manager,

COMPTE D'ESCOMPTOIR DE PARIS,

Shanghai, September 6, 1878.

WITH Reference to the above, I have this Day OPENED THE AGENCY of the COMPTOIR DESCOMPTOIR DE PARIS, at the Office of Messrs RUSSELL & CO.

H. VINAY,  
Agent,  
Hongkong, September 12, 1878.

## NOTICE.

THE Undersigned having This Day PURCHASED THE STOCK-IN-TRADE, Book Debts, and Goodwill of the CHINA DISPENSARY hitherto Carried on by Mr W. BALL, will conduct and carry on the said Business (in connection with the VICTORIA DISPENSARY) on his own Account from This Date.

WM. CRUICKSHANK,  
Hongkong, August 31, 1878.

## NOTICE.

THE Undersigned begs to notify that the MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA of Tokyo, Japan, has Opened a Branch in this Port, and the Undersigned has been appointed their Agent in Hongkong.

HERONICHI SHUGIO,  
Office No. 4, Club Chambers,  
Hongkong, August 19, 1878.

## NOTICE.

THE Interest and Responsibility of Mr ARTHUR CHART in our Firm CHANGED on the 31st December last.

J. INGLIS & Co.,  
Hongkong, June 13, 1878.

## NOTICE.

THE Undersigned, HOP YEK & Co., of HOWARD's Godowns, No. 239, Shek Tong Tsui, beg to notify that the said Company is not nor will be Responsible for any Debts contracted by any of the Firm's employees or Partners. Also, no Debt, if any, can be deducted from the Rent Payable to the said Company. The Company is only Responsible for those Accounts, which are Confirmed and Signed by Mr CHU WING-On himself, of the Kung Yip shop, Wing Lok Street.

HOP YEK & Co.,  
Hongkong, September 13, 1878.

## NOTICE.

THE Interest and Responsibility of the Undersigned in the Chinese Mail, (華字日報) (Wah Tsoi Fat Po), CHANGED from the 1st August, 1877, to that Date, and paid by him.

CHUN AYIN,  
Hongkong, April 6, 1878.

## NOTICE.

In Reference to the above, the Undersigned has LEASED the Chinese Mail from the 1st August, 1877, and has engaged the services of MR LEONG YOOK CHUN, as Translator and General Manager of the newspaper, which under its new régime will be found to be, as hitherto, an excellent medium for advertising, especially as the Manager is able to devote his whole attention to the conduct of the Newspaper.

KONG CHIM,  
Leases of the Hongkong Chinese Mail,  
Hongkong, April 6, 1878.

## TO LET.

THREE OFFICES, in Club Chambers, The BUNGALOW, No. 2, Shelley Street. The BUNGALOW, No. 1, Old Bailey Street.

Apply to  
DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.,  
Hongkong, September 10, 1878.

## TO LET.

HOUSE No. 9, Queen's Road Central, with Godowns attached.

House No. 7, Caine Road, at present occupied by The Hon. CECIL SMITH.

DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.,  
Hongkong, September 2, 1878.

## TO LET.

IN the House on MARINE LOT 65, formerly known as the Blue House, situated on Praya East.

FIRST FLOOR and BASEMENT of No. 2, Praya East, either separately, or together, as required, with immediate possession.

HOUSE No. 8, Praya East. The whole House or in Flats, with immediate possession.

## As also,

SIX SPACIOUS ROOMS, with Corridors and Out-houses in the DWELLING HOUSE, to the Eastward of the Pier at Wanchai. These may be had in Apartments of Two or Three Rooms to suit convenience. Fine spacious Verandah looking on the Harbour. Immediate Possession.

## TO LET.

FIRST CLASS GRANITE GODOWNS, attached to Blue Houses at Wanchai, MARINE Lot 68.

For further particulars, apply to  
MEYER & Co.

Hongkong, August 15, 1878.

## TO BE LET.

TWO Excellent STONE-FLOORED GODOWNS, on Marine Lot No. 10, Praya Central.

Apply to  
TURNER & Co.,  
Hongkong, August 1, 1878.

## Mails.



STEAM FOR  
SINGAPORE, PENANG, POINT DE  
GALLE, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA,  
BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MEDI-  
TERRANEAN PORTS, SOUTH-  
AMPTON, AND LONDON DIRECT,  
ALSO

BOMBAY, MADRAS, CALCUTTA, AND  
AUSTRALIA.

Hongkong, April 17, 1878.

## Insurances.

CHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY,  
(LIMITED).

## NOTICE.

POLICIES granted at current rates on  
Marine Risks to all parts of the World.  
In accordance with the Company's Articles  
of Association, Two Thirds of the Profits  
are distributed annually to Contributors,  
whether Shareholders or not, in proportion  
to the net amount of Premium contributed  
by each, the remaining third being carried  
to Reserve Fund.

OLYPHANT & Co.,  
General Agents.

Hongkong, April 17, 1878.

QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE  
COMPANY.

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM  
NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Steam-ship  
KHEDIVE, Captain J. D. STEWARD, will  
leave this on SATURDAY, the 21st  
September, at Noon.

For further Particulars, apply to  
A. LIND, Superintendent.

Hongkong, September 9, 1878.

NORTON & Co.,  
Agents.

Hongkong, January 1, 1878.

Occidental & Oriental Steam-  
Ship Company.

TAKING THROUGH CARGO AND  
PASSENGERS FOR THE UNITED  
STATES AND EUROPE.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE  
CENTRAL  
AND

UNION PACIFIC AND CONNECTING  
RAILROAD COMPANIES

AND  
ATLANTIC STEAMERS.

THE S. S. "GAELIC" will be despatched  
for San Francisco via Yokohama, on  
TUESDAY, the 1st October, at 3 p.m.,  
taking Cargo and Passengers for Japan,  
the United States and Europe.

Connection is made at Yokohama, with  
Steamers from Shanghai.

Freight will be received on Board until  
4 p.m. of the 20th September. PARCEL  
PACKAGES will be received at the Office  
until 5 p.m. same day: all Parcel Packages  
should be marked to address in full; value  
of same is required.

A REDUCTION is made on RETURN PAS-  
SAGE TICKETS.

For further Information as to Freight  
or Passage, apply to the Agency of the  
Company, No. 37, Queen's Road Central.

G. B. EMORY, Agent.

Hongkong, September 13, 1878.

## NOTICE.

THE Undersigned having been appointed  
Agents for the above Corporation are  
prepared to grant Insurance as follows:—

Marine Department.

Policies at current rates payable either  
here, in London or at the principal Ports  
of India, China and Australia.

Fire Department.

Policies issued for long or short periods at  
current rates. A discount of 20% allowed.

Life Department.

Policies issued for sum not exceeding  
£5,000 at reduced rates.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

Hongkong, July 25, 1872.

—o—

THE Undersigned having been appointed  
Agents for the above Corporation are  
prepared to grant Insurance as follows:—

Marine Department.

Policies issued for long or short periods at  
current rates. A discount of 20% allowed.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

Hongkong, October 14, 1868.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE  
COMPANY, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

AGENCIES at all the Treaty Ports of  
China and Japan, and at Singapore,  
Saigon and Penang.

Risks accepted, and Policies of Insurance  
granted at the rates of Premium current at  
the above mentioned Ports.

Attention is invited to a considerable  
reduction in Premium for Life Insurance in  
China.

MEYER & Co.

Hongkong, August 13, 1878.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE  
SOCIETY OF THE  
UNITED STATES.

HENRY B. HYDE, President.

J. W. ALEXANDER, Vice-President.

SAMUEL BORROW, Secretary.

A. A. HAYES, Jr., General Manager, for  
China and Japan.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE,  
120, BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Assets ..... \$31,700,000

Surplus ..... \$ 5,500,000

THE Undersigned having been appointed  
Agents in Hongkong, China, for the above  
Company, are prepared to accept  
Risks at greatly reduced rates and upon  
terms very favourable to the assured.

For full information and particulars,  
apply to

OLYPHANT & Co.,  
Agents.

Hongkong, January 21, 1878.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned, Agents for the above  
Company, are prepared to grant In-  
surance at current rates.

MELCHERS & Co.,  
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.

Hongkong, October 27, 1874.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE  
INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated by Royal Charter and  
Special Act of Parliament.

ESTABLISHED 1869.

CAPITAL £2,000,000.

THE Undersigned, Agents at Hongkong  
for the above Company, are prepared to  
grant Policies against FIRE, to the  
extent of £10,000 on any Building, or  
Merchandise in the same, at the  
usual Rates, subject to a discount of 20  
per cent.

GILMAN & Co.,  
Agents.

Hongkong, July 6, 1875.

TO BE LET.

TWO Excellent STONE-FLOORED  
GODOWNS, on Marine Lot No. 10,

Praya Central.

Apply to  
TURNER & Co.,  
Hongkong, July 6, 1875.

## Merchant Vessels in Hongkong Harbour.

Exclusive of late Arrivals and Departures reported to-day.

Vessel's Name.	Days since left	Captain.	Flag and Rig.	Tons.	Date of Arrival.	Consignee or Agents.	Destination.	Remarks.
<b>Steamers</b>								
Albay	5 h	F. Ashton	Brit.	366	Sept. 13	Douglas Lapraik & Co.	Manila	
Bellona	4 h	Ahrens	Ger.	759	Sept. 13	Wm. Pustau & Co.	Salon	
Bombar	3 h	Junctiongari	Span.	250	Feb. 12	Kwock Acheong		
Cebu	4 h	Anderson	Brit.	1036	Aug. 26	Russell & Co.		
China	4 h	Clancy	Brit.	664	Sept. 17	Yuen Fat Hong		
Dambo	4 h	Blanco	Span.	22				